Election Law Issues for State Court Judges

ELECTION LAW PROGRAM

A JOINT VENTURE BY THE COLLEGE OF WILLIAM & MARY SCHOOL OF LAW & THE NATIONAL CENTER FOR STATE COURTS

Substantive Concerns Related to Pre-election Litigation

Professor Rick Hasen

Loyola Law School, Los Angeles

ELECTION LAW PROGRAM

A JOINT VENTURE BY THE COLLEGE OF WILLIAM & MARY SCHOOL OF LAW & THE NATIONAL CENTER FOR STATE COURTS

Outline of this unit

- Standard of review
 - Fundamental rights v. sliding scale
- Literal reading v. intent of voters
 - Substantial compliance
 - Mandatory v directory laws
 - Three examples
 - Steps to minimize such difficult disputes

A. Standard of review issues
1. Fundamental right standard
2. *Burdick* "flexible"/sliding scale standard for cases involving garden variety election challenges

B. Enduring issue: literal reading of elections code v. intent of the voters/fundamental rights protection in a number of contexts

1. Substantial compliance doctrine

2. "Mandatory" v. "directory" laws

3. Illustrative examples
a. New Jersey Torricelli replacement case
b. California Prop. 77 case
c. San Diego mayor's race

How to minimize these difficult issues for courts

- a. Clear signals from state supreme courts
- Legislatures more precisely drafting election laws to explain effects of violations

Summary

- Standard of review
 - Fundamental rights v. sliding scale
- Literal reading v. intent of voters
 - Substantial compliance
 - Mandatory v directory laws
 - Three examples
 - Steps to minimize such difficult disputes